

DR.MRS.A.JESINTHA VILVEENA

I-M.A., III-B.A H.E.M

HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU

Tirumalai Nayak-1623-1659



- Nayaks were administrative agents of Vijayanagar Empire
- Battle of Talikotta-1565
- Battle of Toppur-1616
- Nayaks relieved from them.

Independent nayaks

- Administered Tamil Nadu
- Madurai
- Tanjore
- Chenji
- as capitals

Visvanatha nayak-founder

- Tirumalai nayak-1623-1659
- Younger brother of Muthu virappa nayak
- Ferocious in appearance
- Portrait is still preserved in Madurai
Meenakshi
Temple,Tirupurankundram,Azhahar
koil,Tiruvilliputhur

Tirumalai nayak mahal



Meenakshi temple



Extend of the kingdom

- Dindigul,
- Madurai,
- Ramnad,
- Salem,
- Sivagangai,
- Puthukottai,
- Tirunelveli ,
- part of Travancore

Change of capital

- Beginning –Trichirapalli –transferred to Madurai for
- Defense
- Administrative convenience

Sriranga III

- Vijayanagar Emperor
- To capture Trichirapalli
- Madurai-centre of civilization head
- Official records
- letters

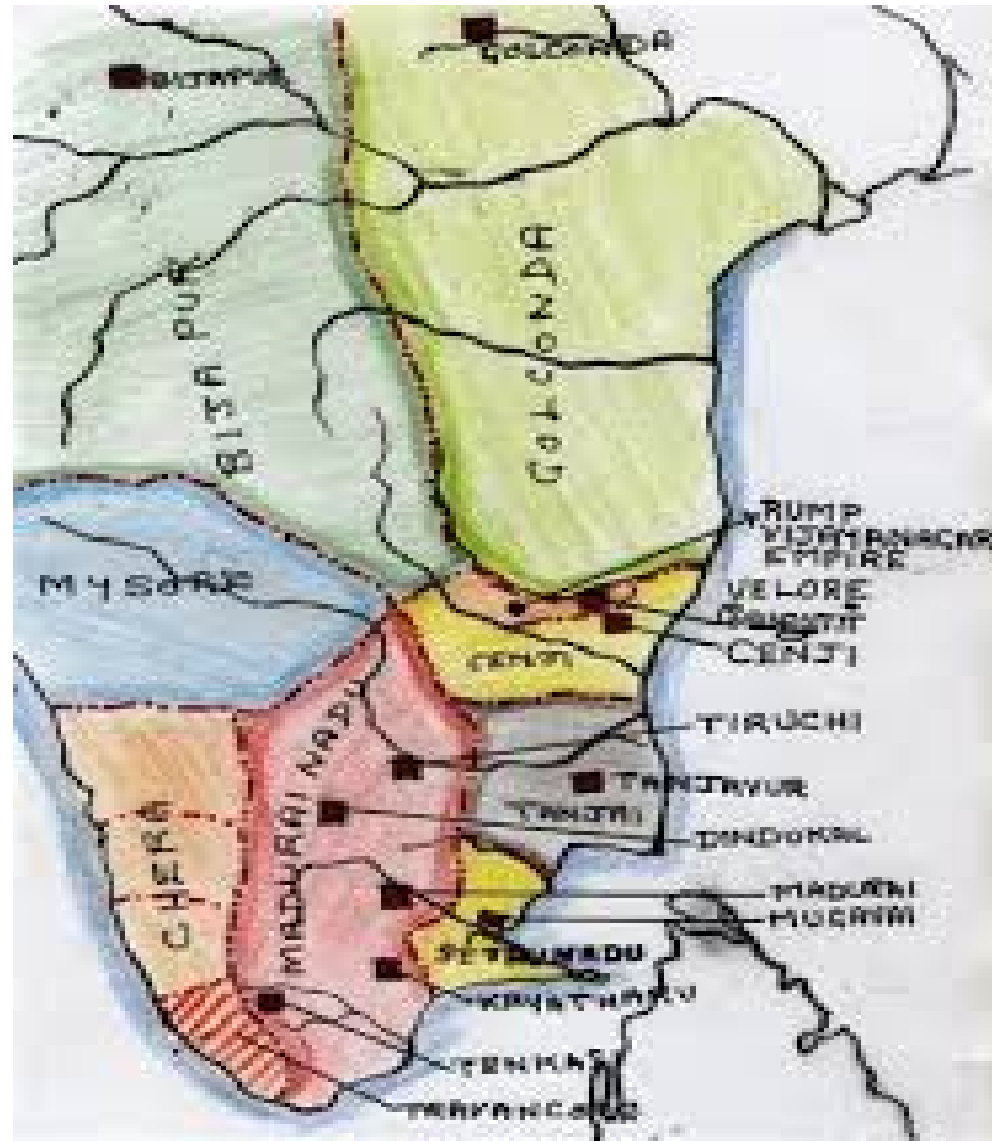
Wars

Aim -To get Independence

- War with Mysore
- War with Travancore
- War with Vijayanagar
- War with Ramnad
- War of Noses

War of Noses

- Srirangall – the ruler of Vijayanagar Empire
- To protect Vellore
- Demanded the help of Kanthirava Narasaraja-The ruler of Mysore
- Tirumala Nayak-assistance to the sultan of against Srirangan
- Srirangall waited for an opportunity





- In 1656- invaded Madurai
- Sathyamangalam
- Followed barbarous activities
- Cut off noses with upper lips of all people

Reaction

- Tirumala nayak-weak
- Demanded the help of Sethupathi of Ramnad
- Sent 6000 troops, 2500 maravars
- Nayak of Madurai – kumara muthu
- Poligars-Arankanna nayak
- Reached Mysore
- Followed the cut off noses with upper lips
- Of the Mysore ruler
- So it was called as war of noses